

Linda comes to London

琳达来到伦敦

LESSON



Listening and Understanding 听力理解

Listen to the recording, and then answer these questions: Where is Karen, and who is she waiting for? 听录音,然后回答问题:卡伦在哪儿?她在等谁?



LINDA: Hi, Karen!

Where are you?



KAREN: I'm in the coffee bar next to the Arrivals exit. I'm waiting for you, and I'm having a cup of coffee.



KAREN: Where are you,

and what are you doing?

LINDA: I'm in the Baggage Hall.

I'm waiting for my suitcase.

LESSON 1

Linda: Ah, I can see it!
It's coming round now!
There it is!



LINDA: Oh, Karen!

Is Paul with you?

KAREN: Yes, of course he is.

He's standing here beside me. I'm giving him my phone now.



KAREN: Here you are, Paul!

Talk to your mother!

Paul: Hello, Mum! Linda: Hello, Paul!

I've got my suitcase,

and I'm coming out now!





New Words and Expressions 生词和短语

next to /'nekst tu/ prep. 紧靠……旁边, 挨着

Arrivals /əˈraɪv*ə*lz/ *n*. (机场的)进港处 **exit** /ˈegzɪt/ *n*. 出口

wait for v. + prep. 等待

Baggage Hall /'bægɪdʒ ˌhɔːl/ 行李领取厅 suitcase /'suːtkeɪs/ n. 手提箱,皮箱 **come round** v. + adv. particle (intransitive) 来到附近

stand /stænd/ v. 站立

phone /fəun/n. 电话

come out *v.* + *adv. particle* (*intransitive*)

出来

sit/sɪt/v. 坐

Notes on the Text 课文注释

- 1 Linda comes to London comes 动词的一般现在时第三人称单数形式。一般现在时通常用来表述现在的和可预见的将来的情况,或"永恒真理"。
- 2 the coffee bar the 这里使用定冠词 the,是因为从上下文已知是哪一家咖啡店; coffee bar 复合名词, coffee 限制修饰 bar。
- 3 I'm waiting for you—— 这里使用了第一人称的现在进行时; wait—— 不及物动词,与后面的宾语要用介词 for 连接,即 wait for ...。
- 4 a cup of coffee "一杯咖啡"; a + "量" (cup, glass, bag 等) + of + 名词 这一结构可以用来表达某一数量的物质。
- 5 I'm giving him my phone give ——后面跟双宾语; him give 的间接宾语, 是接受者; my phone —— give 的直接宾语。
- 6 I've got my suitcase have got 意为"有、拥有"。

参考译文

琳达: 嗨,卡伦! 你在哪儿?

卡伦: 我在进港出口旁的咖啡馆。我正在一边等你一边喝咖啡。

卡伦: 你在哪儿? 在做什么?

琳达: 我在行李领取厅, 在等我的皮箱。

琳达: 啊, 我看到箱子了! 马上就转过来了! 到了!

琳达: 哦,卡伦!保罗和你在一起吗? 卡伦: 当然在。他就站在我身旁。我现

在把电话给他。

卡伦:给,保罗!和你妈妈说说话!

保罗: 你好, 妈妈!

琳达: 你好, 保罗! 我拿到皮箱了, 马

上就出来!

Guided Conversation 对话练习

- ① Answer questions about the text. 根据课文回答问题。
 - a) Example: Is Karen in the coffee bar next to the Arrivals exit? Yes, she is.
 - 1 Is Karen waiting for Paul?
 - 2 Is she waiting for Linda?
 - 3 Is she having a cup of coffee?
 - 4 Is Linda next to the Arrivals exit?
 - 5 Is she in the Baggage Hall?
- 6 Is she waiting for her suitcase?
- 7 Is it coming round now?
- 8 Is Paul standing beside Karen?
- 9 Is Karen giving Paul her bag?
- 10 Is Linda coming out now?
- b) Example: Is Karen waiting for Paul? No, she isn't. She's waiting for Linda.
- 1 Is Karen having a bowl of soup?
- 2 Is Linda waiting for *her friend*?
- 3 Is Paul standing beside his mother?
- 4 Must Paul talk to his sister?
- 5 Is Karen coming out now?
- c) Example: What is Karen doing in the coffee bar?
 She's waiting for Linda and (she's) having a cup of coffee.
- 1 Where is Linda?
- 2 What's she doing there?
- 3 Can she see her suitcase?
- 4 What's it doing now?

- 5 Where's Paul standing?
- 6 Who's Karen giving her phone to?
- 7 What's Linda got now?
- 8 What's she doing?
- Ask questions about the text. 根据课文提问。

Example: Karen / wait / the coffee bar? (Where ...?)

A: Is Karen waiting in the coffee bar? B: Yes, she is.

A: Where is Karen waiting? B: (She's waiting) in the coffee bar.

- 1 Karen / have / cup of coffee? (What ...?)
- 2 Linda / wait for / suitcase? (What ...?)
- 3 her suitcase / come round now? (What ...?)
- 4 Paul / stand / beside Karen? (Who ...?)
- 5 Linda / come out now / her suitcase? (Who ...?)
- 3 Ask each other these questions. 互相提问。
 - 1 Where are you now?
 - 2 Are you having a cup of coffee?
 - 3 Are you having an English lesson?
 - 4 Who is sitting beside you?
 - 5 What are you waiting for?
- 4 Imagine you are waiting for a friend at the Arrivals exit in an airport. You are talking to him or her on your mobile. What questions can you ask? 假设你在机场的进港出口等一位朋友,正在用手机和他或她通话。你会问些什么问题?

Examples: Where are you now? What are you doing? Are you waiting for your suitcase?